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HEAD CUT OFF!

Execution of Auguste Vaillant,

Who Threw the Bomb in the French Chamber of Deputies.

His Last Words Before the Deadly Knife Fell Were:

"Death to Society; Long Live Anarchy."

"I Do Not Believe in Religion; It Is a Sham," Said the Anarchist, as He Approached the Scaffold.

PARIS, Feb. 5—Auguste Vaillant, the anarchist, who, on December 9, last, threw a bomb into the chamber of deputies, was executed at about 7.30 o'clock this morning.

His last words were: "Death to society; long live anarchy."

The execution of Vaillant was a decided surprise to the people of this city who have for a week past been launching the nefarious partisans of the Place de la Roquette in anticipation of witnessing Vaillant's execution.

AUGUSTE VAILLANT.

As late as Saturday afternoon, it was reported that Premier Casimir-Perier and M. Dupy, president of the chamber of deputies, favored a commutation of the anarchists sentence, and it was said that, even if he was executed at all, he would not be decapitated until the middle of this week.

But late last evening the news spread throughout Paris, in some mysterious manner, that Vaillant was to be executed and people soon after began gathering about the neighborhood of the famous prison of La Roquette, and, at 2 o'clock this morning, in spite of the fact that it was raining, quite a large crowd had gathered about the prison and watched the workmen erecting barricades across all the streets leading to the square, from which the people were soon afterwards driven by the police.

The night was pitch dark when the work of erecting the guillotine was commenced. The lower classes sent representatives who appeared to be in sympathy with the man about to be executed and were loud in their blasphemies and threats of what would happen in the near future if the present condition of affairs continued.

Shortly before 3 o'clock a detachment of the Garde republicaine arrived upon the spot and the central Place de La Roquette was cleared. Later a squadron of mounted gardes republicaine arrived on the spot. The arrival of the military caused the crowds to increase and there was a rush of men and women up the Rue La Roquette which caused the police to make a decided counter movement sweeping the crowds backward until order was completely restored. By this time fully 2,000 policemen of various descriptions and garden republicaine were upon the spot and everything was ready for the arrival of the guillotine.

This familiar death machine arrived in two large vans at about 3:30 accompanied by Monsieur DeParis, (M. Diebler) the public executioner, dressed in a frock coat and a high hat. M. Diebler superintended every little detail of the work of his several assistants who place by piece and in deep silence only broken by the sounds of heavy mallets which they used, slowly erected the platform so familiar to the general public.

When the guillotine was standing complete and ready for its deadly work, on the marked spot in the center of the place, the executioner, lantern in hand, carefully examined every part of the machine, including the wicker basket nearly full of sawdust, which was to receive the head of the anarchist.

While the work of erecting the guillotine was in progress, M. Diebler informed the police officers in charge of the place that there seemed to be less space than usual in the square, but the officers informed the executioner that the crowd was kept at the usual distance, to which M. Diebler replied: "Well, never mind; a bomb might be thrown from the barriers." The police, however, after consultation, determined to take the executioner's hint, and the barriers at the different streets and about the various portions of the square were ordered to be moved backward.

While this work was in progress the report reached the group of newspaper men assembled to witness the execution that President Carnot had recently received several threatening letters and that the police were taking extraordinary precautions to prevent the possibility of a bomb outrage. M. Diebler's son-in-law and assistant, during the early morning, was kind enough to impart a piece of news to the newspaper representatives, who had mustered in force at a neighboring cafe where they clinked glasses with the executioners while waiting for dawn. M. Diebler's assistant said that the executioner no longer holds both ears of the condemned man, as has been the custom until recently, when the head of the criminal has been passed through the lunette, or neck hold, beneath the knife, preparatory to the falling of that trenchant blade. When asked the reason for this change in the method of execution, M. Diebler's assistant said that it was because the fingers of the public executioner had been badly bitten by Trehmann, at the time of the execution of that assassin, and decided to having his ears held in the manner described. "M. Diebler," the newspaper's informant added, "now leaves the job of holding the ears to one of us assistants. We don't believe Vaillant will bite, however."

The police arrangements were admirable and long before the hour set for the execution complete order prevailed everywhere and the chief of the municipal police moved towards the prison with his lieutenants, preparatory to the real business of the day. By this time the rain had stopped and every point of vantage about the Place de La Roquette had been occupied.

Two judicial authorities arrived at the prison at 6:15 a. m. and, entering the cell occupied by Vaillant, they awoke him and informed him that his last hour had arrived. Vaillant did not seem to be in the least astonished or much alarmed. He turned deadly pale, it is true, but he began dressing with all the haste which could be expected and remarked to one of the prison attendants:

"You see, I was right in saying that my sentence would not be commuted."

It was evident from the manner in which he said this that he was considerably disappointed and that he had built up strong hopes of clemency upon the part of the president of the republic.

While Vaillant was dressing one of the officers, noticing the anarchist's hands trembling slightly as he put on his clothes, said:

"Have courage, Vaillant."

To this Vaillant smiled in a sickly manner and throwing his head up replied:

"Never fear. I will know how to die."

At this point of the toilette, one of the prison officials offered Vaillant a large glass of some strong cordial intended to brace up the condemned man's nerves; but Vaillant gently put it aside, saying:

"I have no need of artificial strength and despise a man who needs brandy to nerve him to meet his fate."

This calm and courageous bearing of the anarchist won him the sympathy of everybody present and an officer of the guards, who was present, said in an undertone:

"That is not artifical courage."

Later one of the attendants offered to assist Vaillant in dressing for his march to the guillotine; but the doomed man said gently and firmly:

"I need no assistance, I thank you; I am dressing as quickly as possible and will not delay you any longer than I can help."

Vaillant, in reply to a question as to whether he had any statement to make began making a strong profession of anarchy, defending it in burning words until it was gently suggested to him that such remarks were useless and out of place. Contrary to expectations, Vaillant did not speak of his mistress, Madame Marchial, or of his daughter, Sidonie, whose alleged letter asking for a commutation of her father's sentence has been so much discussed. Twice during the preparations for death, Vaillant, refused to see the prison chaplain, saying upon one of these occasions:

"I do not believe in religion; it is all a sham. Let those who profess religion give some evidence of it by extending a helping hand to the destitute poor. This will do more to crush anarchy than all the armies of the world."

At exactly 7:20 a. m. the veteran officer in command of the gardes republicaine gave the order to "draw swords." Very soon afterwards the black gates of the prison were swung upon and Vaillant appeared, head erect and defiant, between M. Diebler and his assistants.

When Vaillant neared the guillotine he glanced upward at the gleaming knife suspended between the two uprights, the blade shining out clear and distinct owing to the rays of the many lanterns around the scaffold, and then he shouted:

"Vive l'anarchie."

A moment later, as he was ascending the steps leading to the platform of the guillotine, the desperate anarchist shouted:

"A mort les bourgeois" (death to the bourgeois).

As he uttered this cry Vaillant reached the foot of the sliding plank which leads the body of the criminal, when strapped onto it, beneath the knife after one quick push, he cried:

"Death to society.

Vaillant had hardly uttered these words when he was seized by M. Diebler, and assistants, and thrown upon the sliding plank, or bascule, to which he was strapped with remarkable rapidity and in less time than it takes to write it his body was thrust through the lunette, or hold in the end of the scaffold upon which a half circle or leaking piece falls after the head is through. Affaring was touched and the shining knife above the anarchist's neck sped downward with a swift and noiseless movement.

There was a terrible spurt of blood and the head of Vaillant, separated from its trunk, fell into the basket of saw dust and all was over. With the greatest rapidity the head and body of the anarchist were gathered up, placed in separate basket and were escorted away from the scene of the execution at a gallop.

SURPLUS SCHOOL FUNDS.

The Present Law Is Held Unconstitutional.

A Decision Which Affects School Funds Amounting to $6,000 in This county.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 5.—Decision is now pending in the supreme court affecting several hundred thousand of dollars of the surplus school funds which have accumulated for years in the township trustees' hands. The new law requires these funds to be paid back to the state. A Marion county decision holds the law unconstitutional, but a reversal is hoped for from the supreme court. The attorney general will get fees amounting to $10,000 if the money is refunded. In some cases, where money was voluntarily paid in, the attorney general has still collected his fees. One township in Allen county is said to have $6,000 in these funds to be affected by the decision pending.

INSPIRING SERVICE.

The Meeting Held at the City Y. M. C. A. Sunday Afternoon.

The meeting held at the city Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon filled every seat in the reading room and the services were of an unusually inspiring nature resulting in great good to the large number of young men who were present, many of them arising to ask for the prayers of Christians.

The meeting was addressed by Rev. Stephen A. Northrop, pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle, his text being "Seek ye first the Kingdom of God, and all these things shall be added unto you." The great difficulty in the way of saving souls for Christ, he said, was that men put off this most important question too long and then give the "leftovers" of their lives to the Lord. The best time to become Christians is in youth. Get an education, learn a trade, become proficient in business methods, study a profession, but first seek the Kingdom of God and then all these things shall be added unto you. It is right and proper for the young to prepare for life's business, but they ought not to neglect the most important consideration of all—the soul's eternal welfare!

In this world of busy activity where we need men of strong physical constitutions and cultivated minds for workers in every occupation and business young men do well to train their bodies and their minds, but they ought also to look after their spiritual nature, and not delay giving their time to God until old age comes and they have but little of value, in the way of service, to give. Commence being a Christian in youth and life will be better, happier and grander in every way.

Pastor Northrop closed with an earnest, eloquent plea to the young men in the audience to seek Christ, and as a result several arose for prayers. After his address a score of young and old men gave brief testimonials and the meeting closed with song and benediction.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE

For the Possession of a Child—Either Court is Court.

The habeas corpus case of William E. Kurber against Jesse M. Karber for the possession of their ten-year-old son is on trial in the circuit court. The parties were given a divorce some time ago and now each of them seek the custody of the child. Minds & Son are attorneys for the plaintiff and J. B. Harper for the defense.

Thomas Taylor and Lewis Nieman are opposing parties in a provolos case, which is on trial this afternoon in the court of Justice Wilkinson.

Henry Pageler and Lizzie Bergmann, Charles F. Fremo and Augusta Voelker, Rudolph Depply and Mary J. Rowley have been licensed to wed.

The grand jury began an investigation of the criminal cases this morning.

Wm Gregary, who was accused of robbing the Princess Cash store, has been released at Chicago, the evidence not being sufficient to hold him.

Rev. Yartman preached a strong sermon to his congregation last evening. His revival services will be resumed tomorrow night.

The four weeks' old child of A. Lincoln Longshire, of No. 13 Martin street, died today. No time has been set for the funeral.

The officers of Summit City lodge No. 36, A. O. U. W., had their photos taken in a group at noon today.

John Sayes is expected home from Florida today.

THIRTY-FIVE years each for the four train-robbers who plied their trade at Duval, Texas, a few days ago. Good!

HAWAII.

Congress Takes Up the Question,

And Discussion Leads to Attack Upon the President.

Representative Morse is Called Down for Bad Language.

The Senate Hawaiian Investigating Committee Listen to Arguments in Favor of Annexation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—Dr. Everett, of Mass., delivered the invocation at the opening of the session of the house this morning.

Mr. McEwan tried to obtain unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution he offered to investigate the action of Judge Jenkins, in the case of the Northern Pacific railway, whose employes he had enjoined from striking, but objection was made.

The Hawaiian debate was resumed by Mr. Morse, of Mass., who had five minutes. Before he had proceeded for a minute, however, Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, had called him to order for unparliamentary language.

"To which language do you refer?" asked Mr. Morse. "To the insulting impudent and unparliamentary language just used," answered Mr. Outhwaite.

Mr. Morse, according to the rule, took his seat and the words excepted to were read at the clerk's desk, as follows: "And yet, strange to tell, at the command of their master, the great Grover Cleveland, his cuckoos in the house and senate and staunch southern democrats, the loudest shouters for a white man's government, disregard all their ancient traditions about white man's supremacy and the white man's government." The speaker ruled that the language was unparliamentary. Before Mr. Morse could proceed, however, his time expired.

Mr. Johnson, independent republican, took the floor and made a strong speech arraigning the course of the present administration in attempting to restore the deposed queen. He drew a vivid picture of the efforts of Mr. Willis and ridiculed out of it a plot of a new comic opera to be called "Lilliokalani."

The senate Hawaiian investigation committee held a special meeting today for the purpose of giving Joseph E. Simpson, of the state of Washington, an opportunity to place before the committee facts gathered by him bearing upon the advantages to be derived from a close union with the Islands. Mr. Simpson was not on the Islands, either at the time of the revolution or subsequent thereto, and could furnish no information bearing directly upon those proceedings. The purpose of his visit was to make arrangements for steam communication between Hawaii and Puget Sound. His investigation was, therefore, made entirely upon a commercial basis and with the legislature which was then in session, he succeeded in securing a guarantee of a subsidy for carrying the mails and in obtaining a mass of information which convinced him of the great natural resources and possibilities for the development of wealth on the Islands.

MARRIED HER FOR MONEY.

He Got Tired and Then He Deserted Her.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb 5—Frank Kraffis, on January 13, was married to Mrs. Eunice A. Greene, a wealthy widow, whom he had met in a boarding house. Kraffis was thirty-four years old, while Mrs. Greene was over fifty. While on their wedding tour they visited New York and four days ago, it is alleged, Kraffis deserted his wife, taking all her effects of value, including the diamond wedding ring with which he married her. The bride had previously loaned him, so she says, about $1,500. Theodore Baum, a saloon keeper here, says he has been victimized to the extent of $400 or $500 by Kraffis.

PENSION MONEY.

Agent Easley Commenced His Distribution Today.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 5—No successor to Pension Agent Easley having been named, that official today began to distribute the quarterly allotment of $2,600,000. Hard times caused unusual eagerness on the part of the pensioners to get their money and the jam at the paying tellers window was terrific. Mr. Easley is now making his seventeenth quarterly payment. He has paid out $48,000,000 to Indiana pensioners.

M. V. B. SPENCER.

His Appointment as Pension Agent Expected This Week.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—The appointment of Spencer for pension agent is expected this week. The president has promised Representative McNagny to appoint him. The delay in sending the nomination is to give Agent Easley time to make a settlement of the February payment.

One Paper Currency.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—The paper currency outstanding January 31, was $1,167,010,231, less $1,000,000 estimated to have been destroyed by fire. This shows an increase of $6,884,166 during the month.

Chicken thieves stole eight fowls from No. 105 Hoffman street, Saturday night.

A MOTLEY MOB.

Many Prisoners Face Mayor Scherer This Morning.

Nearly Two Hundred Curious Spectators Push and Crowd into Police Court—Sunday Drunks.

Nearly 200 spectators, young and old, pushed and scrambled into the police court rooms this morning to see a miscellaneous assortment of ten prisoners tried before Mayor Scherer. The spectators made so much racket that Officer Linscomb thought a riot was in progress and rushed up stairs with his club ready for use.

Saturday night about 10 o'clock Officers Wineke and Richter went to a house at No. 68 West Butler street, where they arrested two girls, Nellie Weaver and Nellie Weston, street walkers, together with three small boys and a young man named Carl Caywood. The little fellows all put up bail and in response to a telegram to her mother in Van Wert, one of the girls, Nellie Weaver, was yesterday released. The girl's mother paid her fine and took her home. This morning the Weston girl and the man Caywood were fined $3 and costs each.

Pat Welsh and Jas Mahans were vagrants picked up by Jesse Patton Saturday afternoon. One was an acrobat and was performing tricks in saloons for the drinks. Both were fined $5 and costs. It is thought they were anxious to get to jail.

Martin Mahony was a vagrant found in a drunken stupor in a box car by Officer Gasseler yesterday. He was fined $5 and costs.

George Burns was a young hobo who, in a drunken fit, attempted to break into the rear of No. 229 Calhoun street yesterday morning. The bum was chased away and a few moments later was picked up by Officer Golan. He was fined $5 and costs.

Grant Shepley, a drunk, talked back to Officer Richter and was fined $1 and costs.

John Stringer was a plain drunk arrested last night by Officer O'Connor. He created a great deal of amusement when asked where he got the liquor. He stated that Saturday night he had a pop bottle filled and spent yesterday in drinking it. He was fined $1 and costs.

David Henson was Saturday afternoon arrested by Officer McCrary, on Columbia street. Henson was fighting and had been hit on the nose. He was fined $10 and costs.

Joe Lantenier was arrested Saturday evening by Officer Petgen, charged with stealing a watch from Saloonkeeper Webber, of West Main street. The watch belonged to Lantenier, who pawned it. Webber redeemed it and when Lantenier saw him with the timepiece he snatched it and ran away. As the prosecutor had investigated the case and did not think it a very strong one, he had Lantenier fined $1 and costs for drunkenness.

There were thirty-nine tramps at the police station last night.

There is some talk of locking out the spectators at police court. They make a great deal of confusion and keep familiar Delmonico falsely wild by spitting tobacco juice upon the floor.

Mayor Scherer tried in vain this morning to find out where the Sunday drunks get their liquor, but was unsuccessful in fastening the guilt upon any one saloonkeeper. One of the drunks said he got his liquor all along Calhoun street, but did not know any of the saloonkeeper's names as he was a stranger in the city.

SINGLE TAX.

Henry George Prescribes It As a Cure for Hard Times.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5—Henry George addressed a crowded house last evening at the People's theater on "Hard times and the cure." The meeting was held under the auspices of the Manhattan Single Tax club.

The present hard times he declared to be but an intensification of the parody that had been chronic for years. The panic had been brought on by the tremendous increase of land values, which developed a land boom that had burst. As soon as this panic passed over land values would go up till the boom broke again.

Mr. George criticised President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, for proposing twenty-three resolutions in the World, and "not one thorough one." He scored the labor leaders for advocating no better save than organized charity instead of unorganized. The holding of land out of use, he asserted, kept labor idle. There was enough idle land on Manhattan Island to set everyone at work if the people could get at it. He proclaimed the single tax as the golden key that would unlock the idle land of the country.

ON THE TRAIL OF ELOPERS.

Officers Searching for Frances Davenport and Ashley Sackett.

ELWOOD, Ind., Feb. 5—No clue has yet been found to the whereabouts of Miss Frances Davenport, the young heiress who eloped from this city with H. Ashley Sackett. The matter has been placed in the hands of detectives, and her aunt, Mrs. J. R. Beardsley, and sister, Florence, are in Chicago, aiding in the search. Steps have been taken to prevent Sackett getting possession of any of the girl's property, most of which is ready money in the banks here, the estate having recently been settled. Sackett is between thirty five and forty years of age, and came originally from Grand Rapids. He is said to have lived at South Bend and La Porte that he would get hold of the young lady's money and have a "soap."

SLUGGED AND ROBBED.

George Reidel Sandbagged and Robbed of $38.

Five Highwaymen Set Upon Young Tailor of Spy Run Avenue, But are Scared Away.

George Reidel, the well known watchman of the stone yard at the county jail, was set upon by a highwayman Saturday night and robbed of $38 in cash. Mr. Reidel lives at 229 Force street and Saturday evening, about 9:30 o'clock, was on his way home from a Force street grocery store, where he had been paying a grocery bill, when a highwayman stepped out from a dark alley and struck him a fearful blow on the head with a sandbag. Reidel was felled to the ground and by insensible for some twenty minutes. When he came to his senses he found that $38 had been taken from one of his pockets. His head was also bleeding and cut in several places. Mr. Reidel made his way home as best he could and yesterday morning reported his loss to the officers, who have been making a vigorous search for the man with the sandbag. Mr. Reidel is known all over the city, and it is supposed some one of the tramps whom he was compelled to watch at the jail sandbagged him out of revenge. He feels the loss of his cash keenly.

ANOTHER HOBO TT

Last night about 9 o'clock five tramps attempted to hold up Frank Yahney, of Spy Run avenue, at the Clinton street crossing of the Nickel Plate railroad. Yahney had been down town and was on his way home. As he was crossing the railroad tracks he saw the five big tramps step out from behind a box car standing near by and advanced towards him in a threatening manner. Yahney pulled out his pocket knife, the only weapon he had, and prepared to meet the attacks. He accidentally dropped the knife in attempting to open the blade and the tramps then closed in upon him. They soon saw that they had no easy victim and Yahney doubled up his fist and dared them all to come on. The tramps swore at him and were about to tackle him again when Officer Paul came running down the street. Seeing him the tramps fled down the track towards the Arlington hotel. Yahney and Officer Paul followed them, but failed to locate the bums. Early in the evening the proprietor of the Arlington hotel notified Officer Paul to be on the lookout for the same five men, as they had been seen on East Columbia street and were acting in a suspicious manner.

Frank Yahney is a brother-inlaw of Night Policeman Lindsey.

THE DAY'S DEATHS.

Broad Consumption Claims a Number of Persons.

The Severe Weather of the Past Few Days Caused a Large Number of Deaths—Funerals.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Israel, aged thirty-six years, wife of Henry Israel, of No 121 Broadway, died at 5:30 o'clock this morning of consumption. She leaves besides her husband, four children to mourn her loss. Her husband is an employe of the Olds Wagon works.

FIDELER.

Saturday night occurred the death of Mrs. Ann Fischer at her home, in the rear of No 15 Erie street. The deceased was forty seven years of age, and the cause of her death was consumption. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

SELIMAN.

At St. Joseph hospital yesterday occurred the death of Jacob Seliman, aged sixty-seven, of dropsy. Mr. Seliman had been in the hospital only a few days. The remains were taken to the home of Erastus Steele, 23 Nirdlinger avenue. The funeral will occur from St. Paul's Catholic church tomorrow morning, at 9 o'clock. The deceased was unmarried and was a tailor. He was a member of the German Benevolent Legion.

THE FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late Mrs Sophia Palme will be held on Wednesday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock, from the house, and at 2 o'clock from the Emanuel Lutheran church.

The funeral of the little daughter of Mayor Scherer was held yesterday. Many friends were present to extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

JEREMIAH FOLEY

Is Appointed Postmaster of Kendallville.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5—The president today appointed the following Indiana postmasters.

Kendallville—Jeremiah Foley.
Green Castle—Willis G. Nell.
Noblesville—George W. Ingersham.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our sincere thanks to our neighbors and friends who so kindly assisted us in our sad bereavement at the death of our husband and father. Also, to the clerks in the People's store for their kind sympathy.

MRS. E. REIDER AND CHILDREN.

Shirts, Underwear and children's goods, for prices lower than was ever heard of, slightly damaged by smoke and water.
E. J. GOLDEN,
No. 56 Calhoun Street.

IF SPIRITUALISM IS TRUE

Then Christianity is False and Our Faith is in Vain.

It is Opposed to the Teachings of the Bible—The Third Lecture of Dr. Moffat on Spiritualism.

The large audience room of the First Presbyterian church was again crowded last night to listen to the third lecture of Rev. Dr. D. W. Moffat, on the subject of spiritualism and among those present were many who had not attended his previous lectures, some of them being professed believers in spiritualism.

His lecture last evening was devoted to a discussion of the attitude of the Bible toward spiritualism and all the kindred phenomena associated with it, and he clearly proved that the Holy Scriptures not only did not sanction it but condemned it as a magic art which was detrimental to the advancement of God's religion among the people.

Previous to beginning his lecture he explained how he was led to speak upon the subject of spiritualism in Bass Sunday evening discourses. He said that for two years or more the advocates of this faith had been promulgating their doctrines by means of articles in the city newspapers attacking Christianity and yet no one met their attacks with replies. The subject had been brought up at one of his prayer meetings recently and from the nature of the questions asked he saw that false notions were being disseminated, and for this reason he deemed it his duty to speak publicly upon the subject of spiritualism and correct, if possible, any harm that had been done.

He had, he said, in his early manhood investigated the subject and had read works on it then and since, both pro and con, and he was thoroughly convinced that it was a humbug and that all its phenomena were done by natural forces. There was and could be no communication with disembodied spirits, and all there is in spiritualism is the revival of the magic arts practiced thousands of years ago among the Egyptians

In getting on to the lecture proper the doctor, after an introductory in which he said that the purpose of the Bible was to reveal the character of God, His laws to men and His plan of redemption, reviewed in detail the mention made of all the cases of magic art performed among the Egyptians from Genesis up to Christ's coming. They showed powers then, he said, not seen now-days. Their magic art was far superior to that of modern spiritualism. Moses and all the inspired writers and prophets condemned it, warning their people against it and pronouncing it opposed to the true religion of God. The doctor, all through this part of his discourse, referred to scriptural passages in support of his position and proved that the attitude of the Bible, in both the old and the new testaments, was opposed to the phenomena of spiritualism and its teachings. It was in those old times necromancy, the magic art, necromancers and so-called mind reading, and it is the same today. In running up the attitude of the Bible toward these phenomena of spiritualism, he said the scriptures teach:

First—These magic arts are associated with idolatry.

Second—They were prohibited on moral and religious grounds.

Third—Their practice continued to oppose the Bible until the coming of Christ.

Fourth—The Bible never attributes the wonders wrought by magic to spirits, disembodied or demon.

The Bible, he said, nowhere in its lids, says that these acts, performed by deceiving musicians, are done by supernatural power, but pronounces them abominations. The doctrine that the spirits of the dead produce them is a delusion and belief in it now it to be more condemned than it was in ancient times when the people had not the light of modern science to convince them of their error.

Spiritualism, said the speaker in closing, is anti-Bible. It teaches that the spirits of the dead return to roam around the earth and attend seances. If a white-winged angel were to come down in this church tonight and tell me it was true, with the light of the Gospel's teaching, I would call him a liar.

Spiritualism puts under foot all that is pure and good and sends us back to the idolatry of the past. Infinitely the holiest things of God it is in nothing but necromancy. It was radically antagonistic to the Bible 3,000 years ago and it is so today.

If spiritualism is true, then Christianity is false.

Resist its pernicious teachings, for it leads you away from the Bible. Turn to the moral law and obey; turn to Christ and you will be saved; learn the impregnable nature of God's word and its teachings and spiritualism will not find a place in your hearts.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

The Dates Fixed for Their County and City Nominating Conventions.

The republican county central committee held a meeting Saturday afternoon and decided to hold a mass convention in the circuit court room at 1 o'clock, Saturday, February 17, to choose thirty seven delegates to the republican state convention.

It was also determined to hold a delegate county convention at the same place on May 22, for the purpose of nominating candidates for county offices. The apportionment of delegates to the several precincts was fixed at two delegates for every fifteen votes cast for the first republican elector at the November election in 1892.

The primaries for the selection of delegates are to be held in the several precincts on Saturday, May 19. The township conventions for the nomination of township officers will be held pursuant to the call of the committeemen of the several townships.

The republican city central committee met Saturday evening and decided that the city convention for the nomination of candidates for mayor, city clerk, five councilmen at large, and three water works trustees, shall be held on March 24. It is to be a delegate convention, each precinct being entitled to one delegate for each fifteen votes cast for Daniel Harding, the republican candidate for mayor in May 1891. The precinct meetings for the selection of these delegates will be held on Thursday evening, March 22.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS.

Supreme Officers of the C. K. of A. Arrive in Fort Wayne.

They Will Make a Three or Four Day Inspection and Supreme Secretary O'Rourke's Books.

The headquarters of the Catholic Knights of America are located in this city in the Bass block. Mr. William S. O'Rourke is supreme secretary of the organization and has charge of all the papers and books pertaining to this well known organization.

Once every year the supreme officers of the lodge make a personal inspection of the office of the supreme secretary and for that purpose the following officers arrived in this city today:

Hon. M. T. Shine, supreme president, Covington, Ky.

Charles F. Hannauer, supreme vice-president, St. Louis, Mo.

Charles J. Kirchner, supreme treasurer, 611 Madison street, Toledo, Ohio.

Hon. E. D. McGuinness, supreme trustee, Providence, R. I.

Hon. Richard Walsh, supreme trustee, 922 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

Hon. J. C. Carroll, supreme trustee, Norfolk, Va.

George Weidmann, bookkeeper, Toledo, Ohio

These gentlemen will spend the next three or four days in the city examining claims and transacting business connected with the order.

The C K of A was organized in the city of Nashville, Tenn., in 1877 and now numbers some 25,000 members on its books. Since it was first organized the order has paid out $5,217,613 in benefits

The Knights have branches in every state in the Union except Vermont and New Hampshire.

The supreme officers are all men of ability and high standing in their respective communities and under their direction the order is in a flourishing condition

Judge Shine, supreme president, is one of the ablest attorneys in Kentucky. He was to have arrived in this city yesterday and attend the meeting of branch No. 101, of this city, but was delayed by a change of time on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad. It is needless to state that the supreme officers will find Secretary O'Rourke's books in first class shape.

FELL ASLEEP IN CHURCH.

Two Little Boys Are Locked in the Lutheran Church.

Last night when W. V. Douglas and T. J. Holabaugh were returning from church to their homes, as they were passing the Emanuel Lutheran church on West Jefferson street, they heard the voice of a child calling:

"Come here!"

They paused and listened, and again they heard the voice, across the street, calling

"Come here! Come here!"

The voice came from the opposite side of the street and running across the street they soon located it in the church. A moment afterward they saw a head at the window and in reply to the question of what was wanted the voice of a child answered:

"We are locked in the church and can't get out."

They told the little boy, for such he proved to be, to remain quiet a moment and they would get the janitor and unlock the door. The janitor was summoned from his home, near by, and, on entering the church, they found two lads on a seat almost frightened to death and afraid to move or talk.

They gave their names as Hitsman and could not tell how they came to be in the church, but the supposition is that they fell asleep during the service in the evening and the janitor had locked the church door without noticing them. As soon as they got out on the streets they made a rush for their homes.

EVANGELISTIC SERVICES.

Rev. S. S. Aikman Begins Work at the West Side Mission.

Rev. S. S. Aikman, the state evangelist, preached his first sermon in this city at the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning, delivering an earnest and forcible discourse on love. In the evening he began his revival services at the West Side Mission, preaching to a crowded house. Much interest was manifested and a number asked the prayers of Christians. The meeting will be continued for two weeks, services being held every afternoon at 3 o'clock and at 7:30 in the evening.

Buralow's High Grade, Fresh, Pure, Rich, Strong and Economical.
The best flour on earth. Call for White Lead and Silver Wedding. 14f

ROOT & COMPANY,

Tomorrow, Saturday,

Will be the

CLOSING ::: DAY!

OF THE

Great Linen Sale!

ALL

HOUSEKEEPING LINENS

AT COST!

UNTIL TOMORROW NIGHT!

We will close the sale tomorrow with some

Rousing Bargains!

And would advise everybody to get in

EARLY IN THE DAY.

You'll get well feasted in Table Linens, Napkins, Towels and Quilts.

TAKE IN TOMORROW EARLY.

ROOT & COMPANY,

Round and round we go. Get into THE SENTINEL ship and take the trip for only 10 cents and three coupons. Tell your neighbors all about it, and they will rise up and call you blessed. Do you hear? tf

Stanton's Photos are the best.

WABASH BEST ROUTE —To— San Francisco

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. G. P. PFEIFFER, rooms 215 and 216, Bank Block. 21f

WABASH BEST ROUTE —To— San Francisco.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Trip Around the World with THE SENTINEL. Are you now a subscriber?

On February 5th, 1894,

We take our annual inventory. Until then we offer the following Great Reductions on all winter goods:

20 Per Cent. Off

On All Men's and Boys' Overcoats and Ulsters.

20 Per Cent. Off

On All Men's and Boys' Heavy Double Breasted Suits.

20 Per Cent. Off

On All Men's and Boys' Hats and Caps.

20 Per Cent. Off

On All Men's and Boys' Heavy Underwear.

20 Per Cent. Off

On All Men's Knit Jackets and Lined Gloves.

THIS is not a marking-up-and-then-marking-down-Sale, but an HONEST, LEGITIMATE reduction on our already low prices, and we court a comparison of values and prices with any so-called PANIC and SLAUGHTER Sales now going on in this city.

Our Great Pant Sale

is now in full blast and hundreds are taking advantage of the great inducements we offer. $3.78, $2.48 and $1.98 are the prices at which we offer them, and you save from $1.00 to $2.50 on every pair you buy.

Sam, Pete & Max.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY FEB. 3 1894.

Persons desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, review, or order through telephone 121. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Telephone 121.

To make it more convenient for those desiring to send items of news to THE SENTINEL, we have placed an extra telephone in the editorial rooms. The number is 659. Anything in the news line will be gladly received over this new wire.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Sunday: For Indiana—Fair and colder tonight and Sunday; northwesterly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Mrs. F. E. Budd is quite ill.

The Emmett club will hold a meeting this evening.

Mrs. Robert Wheeler is convalescent after a few days' illness.

Oliver Evans returned last evening from a two weeks' trip in eastern cities.

T. H. Fleming, of Washington township, is urged by his friends to run for township trustee.

John P. Evans, of the Hoosier Manufacturing company, returned from New York city last evening.

Branch No. 103, C. K. of A., will hold a meeting tomorrow afternoon and will quite likely entertain the supreme officers.

Last night the city tailors held a meeting and overhauled their books. "D. B." was marked alongside a good many names.

The many friends of Will Scanlan will be pleased to know that he has been retained as clerk at the Plaza by Mr. Bowie, the new landlord.

The local opera company will present the Chimes of Normandy at Huntington on February 7. They are sure to please the people of that city.

The revival meetings at St. Paul M. E. church still continue with increasing interest. Many are being saved nightly. You are invited to come and help.

Fort Wayne lodge No. 12, A. O. U. W., will hold a pound party at their hall, on Court street next Monday evening, for the benefit of a needy member.

The flagstaff for the city hall has arrived from Michigan and was partially dressed yesterday by A. K. Hite & Son, the carpenters who contracted to erect it.

By 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon there was hardly a seat left down stairs for the entertainment, "Chimes of Normandy," to be given by local talent February 6.

Markey & Munyoran's team of horses ran away yesterday afternoon and smashed the wagon. One of the horses was badly hurt that it may have to be shot.

Hartman Bros., the grocers, had to shoot one of their fine gray horses yesterday afternoon. About ten days ago the team ran away and one of the horses was badly hurt.

Pittsburg Conductor W. T. Bell and wife have returned from their wedding trip and are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Tuttle, of South Lafayette street, before going to housekeeping.

Chief of Police Wilkinson has received a telegram from Chicago, announcing the death of Mrs. Kittie Shodell at that place, and asking him to notify the family. No such persons can be found in the city.

The Logansport Journal says: "Rev. Samuel Hirshberg, of Fort Wayne, will lecture at the synagogue next Wednesday evening. He is said to be a very learned gentleman and his address is sure to be a literary treat."

W. J. Holt, who was accidentally shot last Saturday evening, is really improved and is now able to sit up some. The ballet has never been located and it will be allowed to remain as long as it does not inconvience him.

A number of farmers near Huntington have been swindled by a man representing himself to be an agent for a silverplating house at Fort Wayne. The farmers signed orders for work and the orders proved to be notes selling for some ranging from $20 to $30.

Last evening Secretary Davis, of the Relief union, whose headquarters are in the old fire engine house, states that he believed there were yet many people who were worthy and would not apply for help. This is the class of people whom the relief society have been desirous of helping.

The monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid society, of Christ's English Lutheran church, was held last evening at the parsonage, 63 West Jefferson street. The ladies came with well filled baskets and later on the men came in to enjoy the supper, which was indeed excellent. A very pleasant time was had by all present.

On Monday evening, the Caledonians will hold a regular meeting at their hall, 76 Calhoun street, at which all the members are earnestly requested to attend and hear George Jaap deliver his address on "Political Economy." Mr. Jaap has made a special study of this subject and in consequence something fine is expected. The committee in charge of the lecture recently delivered at the Masonic Temple by the Hon. Wallace Bruce will make their final report. Other business of importance will also be brought before the society.

Another Car Sugar.

Which we sell at the Redoption.

Crushed and Powdered, 4½c lb.

Best Granulated, 4½c lb.

Standard Coffee A, 4c.

Good Brown, 3c lb. Extra C, 3½c lb.

FRYE HOUSE.

MUSIC AND THE DANCE.

Reception and Musical at the Fort Wayne Club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Peters' Fancy Dress Party—Westminster Recital—Events for Next Week.

Mr. Emil Wolfe and family will spend Sunday at Columbia City.

Mrs. M. S. Willcox is suffering with a severe cold and is unable to leave her room.

Miss Freeman, teacher at Westminster seminary, is spending a few days at her home in Lima.

Miss Ruth Barr, of Digonier, is the guest of her sister, Miss Mary Barr, at Westminster seminary.

The Forty-Ninth club will not meet again until after Easter, when Miss Charlotte Lowry will be the hostess.

Mrs. James Fox wishes THE SENTINEL to state that her son, Master James, did not entertain on Wednesday evening.

The Indigo social given by the ladies of the Congregational church last evening was a success in every way and very well attended.

Miss Bertha Schilling, who has been the guest of the Misses Tiernan for the past week, returned to her home in Dubuque, Iowa, this morning.

Mrs. D. A. Nash, who has been visiting Mrs. E. C. Branyon at Huntington, has returned to this city and will leave in a few days for her home in San Jose, Cal.

Miss Belle Lery will entertain a few friends at an afternoon tea tomorrow in honor of Miss Estelle Bing, of Chicago and Miss Rose Steifel, of Butler, Ind.

Mrs. S. C. Bell has issued invitations for a luncheon to be given at the Fort Wayne club Tuesday to thirty of her friends to meet Mrs. Josephine Mc-Donald.

Miss Anna Philley has under her instruction a private class in oratory and physical culture, held weekly, at the east side residence of Mrs. C. Nones-Bierend.

The oysters cooked by Mr. J. A. Helling last evening at the social given by the gentlemen of the Christian church congregation were delicious and eaten with a relish by those in attendance.

Last evening Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Davis entertained the members of the M. H. club at their home, 323 East Wayne street. The Mandolin orchestra gave a very entertaining musical program.

A masquerade party, which was a delightful affair, was given Thursday evening by Misses Frank and Nellie Shaw at their home on Fourth street. The guests had a very jolly time trying to discover the disguises worn.

A pleasant card party was given Thursday evening by Mr. and Mrs. McNamara, at their home on the west side. The latter part of the evening dancing was enjoyed and the thirty guests present were entertained in a very hospitable manner.

Tuesday afternoon Mrs. James Smith will entertain a whist party at her home on West Berry street in honor of Mrs. Roger W. Butterfield, of Grand Rapids. For the evening a literary party has been arranged to attend the production of "Chimes of Normandy."

The reception given by the Farnan Dancing classes last evening at Standard hall was attended by thirty couples who highly enjoyed the evening's program. Reinicke's orchestra furnished the music for a dance program of seventeen numbers. This is the last reception to be given until after lent although the dancing classes will meet regularly.

"Six Cups of Chocolate," a one act comedy, will be produced this evening by Mesdames H. M. Joss, Edward White, Misses Agnes Seabrease, Alice Ward, Hattie Dyche, Blanch Sargent, Florence Barrett and Sadie Rockhill, at the Trinity Episcopal parish house. Six tableaux will follow the comedy. The entertainment is given by the St. Marguerite's Guild and will be very well attended.

At the annual business meeting of the Morning Musical, at the Fort Wayne club, yesterday morning the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. W. H. Myers; vice president, Mrs. R. T. McDonald; recording secretary, Miss Fannie Winch; corresponding secretary, Miss M. Bella Clark; treasurer, Mrs. S. B. Brown; librarian, Miss Kate McDougall. Morning program committee and other appointments were deferred until the next meeting.

Last evening a pleasant surprise was given in honor of the fourteenth birthday of Miss Laura M. Stellhorn, who resides on the Pipes road, east of this city. A 5 o'clock a delicious supper was served. The evening was passed very pleasantly. Among the guests in attendance were Mesdames Dan Stoner, William Kromn, William Stellhorn, the Misses Stellhorn, Clara Piepenbrink, Minnie Habecker, Della Steiger, Laura Dustman, Mary Linker, Eva Dustman, Minnie Kromn, Mary Killworth, Eva White, Elizabeth Downhour, Willie Stellhorn, Don White, Jim Kromn, Charley Stellhorn, Frank Kromn, Henry Brockmeyer and others.

At Engineers' hall, on Calhoun street, last evening, the ladies of the G. I. A. entertained their friends in a delightful manner. A literary and musical program was carried out as follows, after which the guests were served with refreshments and later danced until all were satisfied:

Piano solo, Miss Ella Schlatter
Recitation, "Ma's Valentine" ..... Miss Ella Wright
Solo .....

WANTED.

WANTED—Good girl, for general housework. Call at 97 East Wayne street.

WANTED—Travelling salesman or have line ship inc. The Bonner Cigar Co., Lynchburg Va. 1-2m

WANTED—Lady agents; also a few more good salesmen, to Indianapolis. Apply Union Mfg. Co., room 31, Arcade.

WANTED—At 42 West Main street, boarders, day or week. Terms $3.50 per week or 30 cents a meal. Mrs. E. Fowler. 12-3m

WANTED—A good agent in each surrounding town to keep orders for fruit, rubber, spices, etc. Small bond required. Generous salary and expenses. Fire Tinder Portable Tea Co., 102 Calhoun St., Fort Wayne, Ind. 7

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 68 East Lewis street. 15-tf

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, with all modern conveniences. Call at 90 East Washington street. 15-tf

FOR RENT—A hall over 176 Calhoun St., furnished and finished with natural gas. Inquire of E. E. Cox. 3-tf

FOR RENT—Two well furnished rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Inquire at 44 West Washington street. 13-tf

FOR RENT—Offices in the Arcade. $8 to $12 per month. Elegant locality in the most desirable location—West Berry street, 50 feet off Calhoun.

FOR RENT—Home of eight rooms, plus, new bath and gas rooms and all modern improvements, with barn attached, furnace of F. W. Aumann, 79 West Main street.

FOR RENT—After January 1st, a suite of four rooms on second floor above the Singer sewing machine Co. on West Wayne street, just down from Calhoun street. For particulars, call at the Sentinel office. 1f

FOR RENT—Grocery and meat market, 296 Huron street; store room, contains residence, shelving, gas lights, store with gas fixtures, water, stable and cellar. Rent, $25 per month. Both places good locations and good location. M. Frank. 17-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good horse, wagon and harness. Will sell cheap if sold this week. Call at 105 Fairgrounds.

FOR SALE—Five farms 15 acres, 20 acres, 75 acres, 110 acres, 40 acres. Will take city property in exchange or can trade two of these farms. For particulars, call at Beck's Grocery, 3 Calhoun street. 1-2m

FOR SALE—Fifty from 4 to 10 room houses, prices from $400 up, 20 lots from $100 up to $2 a foot; also for large size corner house improved farms for sale or exchange; money to loan in amounts of from $100 to $1000; interest, real estate. Henry A. Hamilton, 20 Berry Block. 6tcwtf

FOR EXCHANGE—I have a good little home in a desirable part of the city, worth $1,200. I will exchange this property and pay $400 cash for another home and be worth $400. Call on or address, W. S., 42 East Creighton avenue.

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and residence, 36 Hanson street.
Specialty of women. Office hours, from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; from 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. Telephone No. 676.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!
Our Parting Boon! Gift Time Honors
If you want money to buy a home,
If you want to build a mansion,
To improve your property,
To loan you money,
Come to the
Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association,
Rooms 1 and 7 Wall's Block, and have your wants supplied on the best possible terms for safety and satisfaction to borrower.
W. G. Rosenau, Supy. Ed. Wurzer, Pres.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.
All parties having horses in care of society or animals or children will greatly favor and oblige the society by calling upon Supy. Rosenau or writing such information. Address Office Sentinel or Citizen Street. Telephone No. 66.

J. M. E. RIEDEL
ARCHITECT.
SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d Floor

SCENES OF THE WORLD!
Do You Wish to Take a Trip Around the World With "The Sentinel?"
If So, Read Below.
"The Sentinel" is furnishing its readers with a series of magnificent photographic views in book form, entitled "Sights and Scenes of the World." The series consists of 20 parts, each containing 16 superb Photographic Views, 11x13 inches in size. Hence, the entire series will contain 320 Views.
A brief and concise description accompanies each View, giving the historical and other facts of interest about it.
Equal to a trip around the world.
Cut out three coupons at the head of this paper and send them with 10 cents for each part to "The Sentinel" and you will receive the views by mail.

1891.
HARPER'S WEEKLY.
ILLUSTRATED.
HARPER'S WEEKLY is beyond a question the leading journal in America, in designing illustrations, in the range of its literary contributions, and its well array of readers. As a special item, it draws on Harper's magazine of labor, the men best fitted by position and training to treat the leading topics of the day. In fiction, the most popular story-writers contribute to its columns. Superb drawings by the foremost artists illustrate the special articles, its stories, and every notable event of public interest. It contains portraits of the distinguished men and women who are making the history of the time, while special attention is given to the Army and Navy, American Sport, and National the Drama, for distinguished experts. Its wood. HARPER'S WEEKLY is in fact the news paper of the daily paper and the artistic and literary equivalent of the newspaper with the solid critical character of the review.

Harper's Periodicals.

Per Year
HARPER'S MAGAZINE $4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY 4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR 4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE 2 00
Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

The volumes of the WEEKLY begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 per volume.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Postoffice money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

A Weighty Reason.

Mrs. Tobinmoon—Why are all the boys leaving the ice?
Tot—I guess they saw you coming, mum.—Hallo.

ENGINEER NEWELL.

Death Removes Him Suddenly From Our Midst.

Biographical Sketch of One of the Best Known Railway Men in the City—Local Gossip.

Death has again invaded the ranks of our railway men and removed therefrom one of the choicest members.

While the engineers were mourning the loss of their beloved comrade, William T. Jackson, and ere his remains were laid in the tomb, the relentless foe lays its blighting hand upon another comrade and the spirit of Engineer Charles D. Newell bids farewell to its earthly abode and takes its flight upwards to its eternal home.

Thus are the pioneer railway men of Fort Wayne passing away. Death's rails have been frequent and but very few of the old veterans of the throttle remain with us. They can be counted upon the fingers of one's hands.

Mr. Newell was one of the best known and most highly respected engineers in northern Indiana, and the news of his demise caused universal sorrow.

For nearly a year he had been suffering with heart disease and had not been able to work only at intervals during that time. He made his last run about two weeks ago.

Saturday evening last he was feeling unusually bad, but the wife and daughters, who were attending him, did not realize his critical condition. About 11 o'clock Mr. Newell took some medicine prescribed by his physician and remarked to Miss Newell that he would lie down and endeavor to get a little rest. He looked so weary and pallid that the family became alarmed and immediately summoned Dr. McCulloch. When the physician arrived he saw that the end was near, though with the intention of trying to revive the sinking man, he sent one of the young ladies for some hot water to apply to the patients feet. Before the lady returned the angel of death came and about 12 o'clock Mr. Newell breathed his last.

Charles D. Newell was born at Springfield, Mass., May 6, 1830, and had he lived until next May he would have been sixty-four years old. Up to the age of sixteen years he attended the public schools of that city. When about seventeen years old he went to Worcester, Mass., where he secured employment as a fireman on the Boston and Albany railroad, a position he held about two years. From Worcester he went to Buffalo, N. Y., and took service with another railroad company. This was about the year 1849. He continued in the service of the Buffalo railroad until the spring of 1853, when he came to Fort Wayne. At that time this city was the western terminus of the Wabash railroad, but the work of grading the line westward was in progress and when the construction train was put on, in July, 1855, Mr. Newell took charge of the engine.

He ran that train until the road was completed, when he took charge of a mixed passenger and freight train.

In the winter of 1857 Mr. Newell returned to the east and on the 7th of January of that year was married to Miss Sarah Houghton, at Mechanic Falls, Maine. The couple, soon after the wedding, came to Fort Wayne and Mr. Newell resumed his run on the Wabash road, and remained in the service of that company until the year 1863, when he resigned and took service with the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago company. Four years later, in 1867, he quit railroading, purchased a flouring mill at Grafton, Ohio, near Cleveland, and moved his family to that place. The milling business was conducted nearly four years, when Mr. Newell disposed of his property at Grafton and went to Springfield, Ill., where he secured a position as engineer on the Wabash road. Mr. Newell remained in that position until December 31, 1871, when he resigned, and, with his family, returned to Fort Wayne. In the early part of the year 1872 he again entered the service of the Pennsylvania company and was with that road to the end of his life. For a number of years he had charge of an engine hauling the limited passenger train. He was considered one of the very best of engineers, was an exemplary and noble man and the friend of all. Those who knew him best, loved him best. He was generous to a fault, and when appealed to for aid would hand out his last dollar. Road Foreman of Engineers A. H. Pelhamus said of him that "he was one of the most faithful, honest and conscientious engineers ever in the employ of the Pennsylvania company."

The deceased leaves a most estimable wife and six children. The latter are: Charles H. Newell, of Fordyce, Ark.; George W. Newell, of Kokomo, Ind.; Mrs. Charles W. Cross, of Allegheny, Pa.; Mrs. George E. Bruner, of Kokomo, Ind.; Miss Nellie I. Newell, a teacher in the Hoagland school, city, and Miss Sarah E. Newell, who resides at the parental home.

The children residing in distant cities have been notified of the death of their father. Some of them are already here and the others will arrive today or tomorrow.

The funeral will be held Wednesday at an hour to be announced later.

SHEET PLATE SHOTS.

As long ago as July, 1892, THE SENTINEL stated that plans and specifications for extensive shops and yards, to be located in the eastern part of this city, were in the hands of the Nickel Plate officials. It was thought at that time that the plants would be carried out within a year, but Superintendent Williams opposed them for some reason best known to himself, and the project to build was dropped indefinitely. Since the retirement of Mr. Williams the proposition to make the foregoing improvement has been revived and is about to assume tangible shape. In fact the proposition meets the approval of Superintendent Johnson and THE SENTINEL has it from reliable authority this morning that negotiations for the site are now pending, with a fair chance of their consummation. If the proposition is carried out the Stony Island shops will be removed to this city within the next year or eighteen months.

ENGINEER JACKSON'S FUNERAL.

The remains of the late Engineer William T. Jackson were interred in the family burial lot in Lindenwood cemetery at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. At 2:30 o'clock short services were held at the late residence of the deceased, Rev. S. A. Northrop officiating. Hundreds of friends, including members of the Masonic fraternity and the deceased's railway comrades, were in attendance, and when the casket was opened, filed silently by and looked upon the beloved features of their deceased brother for the last time. The services at the grave were conducted by the Masons and were very solemn and impressive. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful.

MINOR MENTION.

J. J. Wood has returned from a business trip to New York.

E. K. Woodward, civil engineer of the Wabash, was here last Saturday.

Mrs. Kress, the aged mother of John Kress, of the electric light works, is quite ill.

Samuel Parker, an employe of the electric light works, has recovered from an illness.

Reach West, of the electric light works, is again working after a few days's illness.

C. Kumbke resumed his work in the Pittsburg blacksmith shops this morning after an illness of a week.

The Dobson opera company left over the Wabash this morning for Logansport, where they will remain a week.

George Rhinesmith, shipping clerk at Rhinesmith & Simonson's factory, has recovered from his recent illness.

Harry Graham clipped off a piece of one of his fingers with a large pair of shears at the electric light works this morning.

Joseph Christle, of the Pittsburg planing mills, whose house was partially destroyed by fire Saturday night, is off duty.

Compressed gas or electricity will soon supplant oil in lighting postal cars if the suggestions of the authorities, which are being pushed, are carried out.

Ambrose Keintz, the contractor, is engaged in putting in the foundation for a large lathe at the shops of the Lake Erie and Western, in the Ninth ward.

C. E. Campbell, who has charge of the elevator at the electric light works, is again sick and off duty. He has been able to work but very little this winter.

Gottfried Reits, of Logansport, who was so seriously injured by being struck by a Wabash train two weeks ago, is improving and will quite likely recover entirely.

Travel to Chicago has not been so light in many years as at the present time. To St. Louis and southern and western points, however, there is a steady increase in business.

The locomotive shops of the Chicago and Erie road, at Huntington, will, until further notice, work only eight hours per day. Up to last Saturday the ten hour schedule was in force.

President O. D. Ashley states that Col. J. F. Row resigned of his own volition. The directors remonstrated against the resignation, as they regarded Mr. Row's services very valuable.

Samuel Graham, who had the misfortune to break a leg some time ago, was a caller at the electric light works this morning. He still walks with crutches and will not be able to work for some time.

Tramps are accused of robbing freight cars standing on out of the way switches of their journal bearings, known as babbit metal. With levers the tramps would raise the wheels and then extract and sell the metal.

James Long, the Wabash brakeman who was knocked off a car at Huntington last Thursday by the pole at an interlocking switch, was not injured as badly as reported. His injuries consist of several bad bruises. Long lives at Andrews.

John A. Ginder, the jovial Pittsburg brakeman, and wife will leave for Louisville, Ky., for a several weeks' visit with the former's mother and brother, and on their return will be accompanied by his mother, who will make her home with him in this city.

M. J. Brunner, cashier of the Standard wheel works, who left this city for Terre Haute last August, is here spending a few days with his friends. He reports the business of the firm as improving, but cannot say when the Fort Wayne factory will be started up.

Thieves yesterday entered a coach on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad near the south depot and broke open a box belonging to the Union News company. They secured about $15 worth of pocketbooks, cigars and other trinkets usually carried by the company.

The Diamond plate glass works, at Elwood, Ind., started up twenty-two more pots this morning, raising the number of hands employed in the works to 200. The American Tin Plate company, of the same city, will soon double its force of workmen.

Wabash is threatened with a carpenters strike. The scale of wages has been raised by the union from $2 to $2.25 for nine hours work and the contractors refuse to sign the new scale. On the other hand the contractors have all agreed to only pay twenty cents per hour for first-class journeymen.

All of the railway organizations in the city met at Firemen's hall last evening and adopted resolutions looking towards federation of the orders upon a broad and liberal scale. The sentiment of nearly all those present last evening was towards federation and no doubt such a desirable movement will be consummated in the near future.

Kokomo now has a branch of the National Association of Stationary Engineers, a lodge having been recently instituted in that city with thirty charter members. A peculiar feature of the constitution of this labor organization is that it provides that the association shall not be used in any manner for the furtherance of strikes or interference between employer and employe in the matter of wages.

A few days ago THE SENTINEL mentioned the fact that 125 extra firemen and brakemen had been dismissed from the service of the Panhandle company, one of the Pennsylvania lines. This was a big cut in the train service and it was thought that it would be the last. But not so, for last Saturday twenty-two more train men were discharged, most of them being employed on the west end of the line and residents of Logansport. Freight business on the Panhandle is even lighter than it is on the Fort Wayne road and that is saying a good deal.

"SIZING UP" THE GUESTS.

Why a Hotel Clerk's Desk Commands a View of the Entrance.

"Did you ever think why every hotel office faces the entrance?" queried a veteran clerk for the recreation of guests. "Well it isn't mere accident, I can assure you, but the main idea of the management is to give ample opportunity for the clerk to study the people who come into the house. Every stranger is an understudy, and to make just one mistake in "sizing" him up might mean serious trouble. There is the man who should not be trusted for a room if he is without a trunk. Then there is another who can stand double rates for the best rooms and is sure to rank a bath, while another will never wish to bother with such lavatory nonsense as can only be found in a tub. There is the man who wants the cheapest room in the house and is willing to put up with annoyance to get it. Another has a literary genius and will burn gas with an open hand and you want to get him in a room with but one jet. All these peculiarities the clerk is supposed to divine, and in order to do it by sight he wants to get a view of the guest from the time he enters the door till he reaches the counter, for you can tell character by a man's swing or appearance a little way off that could not as well be detected when he is within a foot of you. Takes brains to be behind a desk? Well, I just tell you you have it now. It does take brains and not alone a diamond shirt pin, as some unsophisticated people think."

A Dime Stolen in 1867.

January 14, 1867, J. W. Smith, of Oil City, Pa., was robbed of a pocketbook containing $14 in bills and four ten-cent silver pieces, dated 1841. Silver was exceedingly scarce in those days, and Mr. Smith, who was keeping the dime as a curiosity, marked each of them with his initials. He had forgotten all about his loss, when a day or two since at one of the groceries he received a dime in change. The coin was old, and he examined it closely and made the remarkable discovery that it was one of the four dimes stolen from him over a quarter of a century before. The initials were distinctly worn, but are plainly distinguishable. Mr. Smith is fondly the coin mounted, and will wear it as a smart pin.

A Strike by Lawyers.

The famous strike of the lawyers' corporation of the city of Rioza, in Auvergne, France, is ended. One of the lawyers, or advocates, having been improperly treated by a judge, his colleagues sided with him, and for five months they have refused to plead before the court, which was practically closed. At last due satisfaction has been given to the lawyers' corporation by Mr. Ondoul, the president of the court district of Rioza, and the advocates have resolved in a meeting to resume again their vocation and pleadings in that court.

Stanton's Photos are the best.

A Kansas Man's Experience.

Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs and hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I never would get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others and all speak well of it." 50 cents bottles for sale by druggists.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

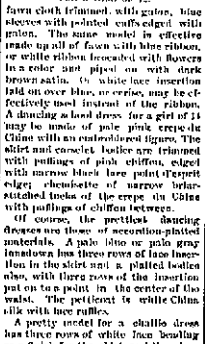
FASHIONS FOR GIRLS.

SOME PRETTY COSTUMES FOR COMING BELLES.

A Handsome Dress for a Girl of 12—A Fetching Costume for the Dancing School—A Girl's Sarah—Notes of the Modes.

Some of the ginghams and muslins are laid away for summer making, for, of course, the variety is greater now than when the season approaches for the goods to be in general demand. Others, and these are the wise virgins whose lamps are always trimmed and burning, have the thin dresses made up by seamstresses at home or by the dressmakers against the cool days of sun and heat, when the needle is indeed a burden. And the dressmakers themselves are on the alert for bargains, and are making up the pretty dotted muslins, sprigged lawns, satin striped and lace ginghams now in the slack seasons, when the work for a month is at a stand-still.

Here is a pretty dress of lawn crepon for a little girl of 12. The skirt has two bands of galon with faintly colored flowers embroidered on a linen background that with gold piped with powder blue. Loose blouse of powder-blue cloth with half-low square yoke and Swiss belt of



FOR A GIRL OF 12.

lawn cloth trimmed with galon, blue sleeves with pointed cuffs edged with galon. The same model is effective made up all of lawn with blue ribbon, or white ribbon brocaded with flowers in a color and piped on with dark brown satin. Or white lace insertion laid on over blue, or cerise, may be effectively used instead of the ribbon. A dancing school dress for a girl of 14 may be made of pale pink crepe de Chine with an embroidered figure. The skirt and corselet bodice are trimmed with puffings of pink chiffon, edged with narrow black lace point d'esprit edge; chemisette of narrow bias-stitched tucks of the crepe de Chine with puffings of chiffon between.

Of course, the prettiest dancing dresses are those of occasion-plaited materials. A pale blue or pale gray innuslawn has three rows of lace insertion in the skirt and a plaited bodice also, with three rows of the insertion put on to a point in the center of the waist. The petticoat is white China silk with lace ruffles.

A pretty model for a challie dress has three rows of white lace beading as a finish for the skirt and the edges of all the ruffles. Each row of beading is run through with a ribbon of a different shade matching the flowers in the dress. A white challie with Dresden China figures of pink and blue, with green leaves, has pink, blue and green ribbon in the beadings. The light figured and striped silks so much used for evening gowns make up very prettily for little girls, and are trimmed with color to match the color of the figures in the gown and with lace. A pretty model has a lace yoke and a trimming of olive velvet ribbon around the skirt and yoke tied frequently in little bows.

White muslin or figured lawn gowns are dainty and sweet, made up with shirred yoke and sleeves, a very full skirt with little ruffles at the lower edge and a ribbon of double faced satin tied around the waist.

A dainty little wool dress of yellow has a waist and shoulder epaulet most delicately embroidered with gold thread and pearl beads. Beneath the outer waist is another of crimpled crepe showing in puffed and wrinkled sleeves and a gathered bodice, made to form a little ruffle at the neck. The skirts to all these little gowns are very much flared at the bottom and gored at the top. Most dainty and pretty are the figured silk dresses or plain China silks made with little ruffles of d'esprit net cut from the piece and with baby ribbons sewed on in one or two rows before they are gathered.

A GIRL'S DANCING COSTUME.

All the beadings, both of lace and embroidery, install the different widths are most effective trimmings for cotton gowns, because colored ribbons are run in through them.

Very pretty little waists are made of satin ribbon and chiffon or crinkled crepe, the ribbon tied in bows at the left and twisted up through the crepe to the neck to form a waist of stripes.

All the dainty old-fashioned frills have come in again, two or three frills edged with lace being used to finish the little skirt, and puffs and frills forming the yoke of white dresses.

Another fetching little frock for a girl, and girls' frocks are often more fascinating than boys' coats, because a woman can make them with greater pleasure and more gratifying success, is of pale blue silk made up with a full skirt and full little waist gathered in the middle of the front and of the back. Round blue satin ribbon, tied in a rosette on each side this full-

A GIRL'S SARAH.

teenth, Miss Olive Risley Seward, a writer, has adopted the color alive as an inseparable adjunct of her personality. Her wardrobe is composed of gowns, hats and wraps which, as far as possible, do not depart in color from the brief gamut of olive state. But so artistically are these shades combined, and so careful is the combination of materials and trimmings, that it never becomes monotonous. Instead of that one carries away a pleasant impression. Miss Seward writes stories for children, and, at her request, these are published only in olive bindings. In her study in her Washington house the predominating tint is the olive.

Forty-Three Years of Newspaper Work.

In Kansas, where advanced women seem to flourish, there is a woman who has a forty-three year record in newspaper work, and she is only 35 now. She is Mrs. N. B. Reddeton of Atchison. She began her extended journalistic career in her father's office in Newport, Ky., and since has been connected with half a dozen Kansas papers.

Personality of Matt Crim.

Miss Matt Crim, the well-known young Georgian writer, has many a smile over the reference of reviewers to "Mr. Crim." She is a girlish-looking blonde, with [illegible] and unaffected manners and a [illegible] opinion of her abilities. She [illegible] a rule to write every day, and, as Mr. Stedman says she has genius, she may be expected to succeed.

An Important Difference.

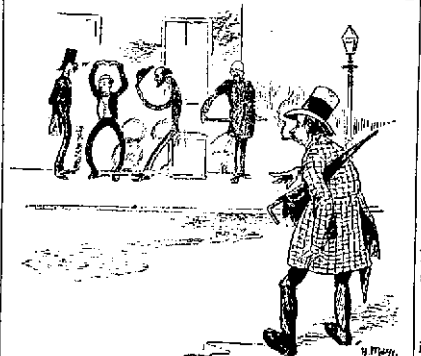
To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

An Editor's Recommendation.

Mr. C. F. Davis, editor of the Bloomfield, Iowa, Farmer, says: "I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all sufferers with colds and croup. I have used it in my family for past two years and have found it the best I ever used for the purposes for which it is intended. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Hard times made good by reading THE SENTINEL. It is so full of good things that you forget all about everything else. And then that Trip Around the World. Have you made the first journey? Several hundred parts Nos. 1 and 2 on hand ready to deliver at THE SENTINEL counting room. Now is your time to get on board.

EVERY WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO LIVE IN THE WHITE HOUSE
YOU
can make your house a WHITE HOUSE if you scrub it with SANTA CLAUS SOAP
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. MADE ONLY BY
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., CHICAGO.



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Glories of Art.
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Through trip.

Parlor chairs.

No stop over.

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UPHOLSTERER OF
Fine Parlor Suits,
Easy Chairs, Rockers,
Single Lounges, Bed Lounges,
All kinds of Couches
And Sofas.
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We Want "The Sentinel" to be Read in Every Home in Fort Wayne.

We give you a Trip Around the World and all the news of the city and nation.

Subscribe if you want to see Temples and Palaces famous in history. To become visitors at the world's most renowned and sacred

Sights and Scenes,

To enjoy and see places of which Poets have sung and made immortal. To see the birthplaces of them who occupy a prominent part in the world's history You can see all this and at the same time read a concise graphic description of each, sitting at your own fireside. Ten cents a week and 3 coupons cut from the "Sentinel" each week and

WE DO THE REST.

That is, we furnish for nothing a good knowledge of the world, give you a fair education

Can You Ask, Can You Expect MORE?

Be sure you secure your portfolios each week, and do not miss one number; if you do you will always regret it.

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G. W. BRUNS & CO.
PLUMBERS.
Agents for the Goodrich Self-Heating Water Heaters.
[illegible] CALHOUN STREET.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

TRAINS RUN BY CENTRAL TIME.
IN EFFECT NOV. 19, 1893.
* Daily. † Daily except Sunday.

Pass. Ft. Wayne to		
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 3.20 am	* 8.00 am
New York and Washington	* 2.50 am	* 3.15 am
Columbus and Pittsburg	7.00 am	10.20 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	12.40 pm	10.20 pm
Chicago and Valparaiso	* 3.40 pm	* 8.00 pm
Toledo and Pittsburg	3.45 pm	8.45 am
Toledo and Chicago	3.45 pm	8.45 pm
Valparaiso and Chicago	* 4.20 pm	* 10.20 pm
New York and Washington	* 8.00 pm	* 4.20 am
Pittsburg and Philadelphia	8.00 pm	* 12.05 am
New York and Washington	* 8.10 pm	* 6.20 am
Pittsburg and Philadelphia	* 8.10 pm	* 6.20 am

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers leave

FORT WAYNE.

Schedule of November 19, 1893.

HOURS EAST.	DEPART.
New York and Boston Ltd., daily	* 4.50 a.m.
Toledo Express, except Sunday	* 2.45 a.m.
Atlantic Express, daily	* 12.10 m
Local Freight	* 2.00 p.m.
HOURS WEST.	DEPART.
Pacific Express, daily	* 10.35 p.m.
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	* 10.20 p.m.
Lafayette Accom., except Sunday	* 5.00 p.m.
St. Louis Limited, daily	* 9.00 p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

	DEPART.
For Grand Rapids and North	11.55 a.m.
	7.00 p.m.
From Richmond	10.00 a.m.
HOURS SOUTH.	DEPART.
For Richmond and Cincinnati	11.55 a.m.
Grand Rapids	7.00 p.m.
All trains daily except Sunday.	

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY—Fort Wayne Branch.

NORTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 12 Way Freight	7.25 am
No. 38 Chi. Express and Mail	10.55 am
No. 36 Detroit & Indpls Express	3.15 pm
SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 37 Way Freight	9.05 am
No. 35 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	11.45 am
No. 139 Detroit & Indianapolis Ex.	4.15 pm

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.

EAST.	ARR.	DEP.
N. Y. & Boston Express	*2.30 am	*2.40 am
Cleveland Mail	11.20 am	11.45 am
Eastern Express	*5.25 pm	*5.45 pm
Local Freight	10.45 am	10.15 am
WEST.	ARR.	DEP.
Chicago Express	*2.40 am	*2.50 am
Chicago Mail	11.05 am	11.20 am
Western Express	*5.05 pm	*5.25 pm
Local Freight	10.30 pm	10.50 pm

*Daily. Daily except Sunday. through sleeping cars to Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Ample dining cars. Tickets to all points on sale and baggage checked to destination.

F. E. HONSER, Gen. Pass. Agt., Cleve., O.
F. J. LAWRENCE, City Ticket Agt., Fort Wayne.
M. J. BURNS, City Ticket Agt., 71 Calhoun St.

Ft. W. & C. G. R. & I. R. & W. R. R.

NORTH BOUND—ARRIVE FORT WAYNE.
No. 42 Passenger ..... Arrives 11.40 am
No. 122 Passenger ..... 10.50 pm
No. 170 Local ..... 4.30 pm
SOUTH BOUND—LEAVE FORT WAYNE.
No. 41 Passenger ..... Leaves 7.15 am
No. 121 Passenger ..... 4.00 pm
No. 169 Local ..... 8.30 am
† Daily except Sunday. * Daily.

Rapid Advance of the Japanese.

Another incontestible proof of the rapid advance of the Japanese in the civilization of the West is the following advertisement, which appeared in a Tokio paper recently: "A young lady wished to get married. She is very beautiful, has a gay face, which is surrounded by dark curly hair. Her eyebrows show the force of the half-moon and the mouth is small and pretty. She is also very rich, well read enough to admire the flowers in the daytime at the side of a life companion, or at night to sing of the stars in heaven. The man whom she will choose must also be young, handsome and well educated, and be ready to share the same grave with her."

A Barrisit steamer loaded with dynamite burned off Santander, Spain, recently, and the explosion killed more than one thousand persons. Such a calamity has "never been known before. The force of this explosion was felt for miles.

Wherever the president of the college of the captain of the foot-ball team is he greater man remains an unquestion in educational circles.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. H. HACKETT.

MONDAY, FEB 5, 1894.

TONIGHT.

FORT WAYNE SAENGERBUND—Dedication of Their New Club House.
A. O. U. W.—Round Party by No. 19 at Their Hall on Court Street.
MUSICAL—At Mrs. Bannister's School of Music.
CITY M. C. A.—Meeting of the Glee Club.
WEST SIDE MISSION—Revival Meetings by Rev. S. S. Aikman, State Evangelist.
CHAUTAUQUA CIRCLE—Regular Meeting.
GOOD TEMPLARS—Regular meeting.
CALEDONIAN SOCIETY—Regular Meeting.
TRADES UNIONS—Painters and Decorators; Rail Carriers; Locomotive Firemen.
LODGES—Fort Wayne Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F.; Father O'Leary Council, C. B. L.; Phœnix Lodge, No. 105, K. of P.; St. Mary's Lodge, No. 14, F. & A. M. (colored).
REVIVAL MEETINGS—St. Paul, Trinity, Simpson and Wayne Street M. E. Churches, Central Christian, United Brethren, Baptist, Grace Reformed and Free Methodist Churches.

The candidates for city and county offices are getting in some of their best licks just now.

It is our day that the Corbett-Jackson prize fight takes place in Fort Wayne. Pennington will make a successful trip in his air ship from this city to Chicago.

Death is thinning out the veterans in the railroad service in this city, having during the last week, taken two of our oldest and most prominent railroad engineers—Wm. T. Jackson and Chas. T. Newell. These men had been in the service of their companies for years and were among the most trusted employes. The particulars of the death of Mr. Newell are given in our railroad columns.

The work of the Fort Wayne Relief union in providing for the needs and relieving the sufferings of the poor of the city this winter has been grandly done and reflects credit upon this magnificently conducted charitable organization. Their work is systematically and intelligently done, and in bestowing charity they always give it to the deserving because they have the machinery for investigating every case brought to their attention.

By the action of our board of county commissioners the number of justices of the peace in the county will be materially reduced, outside of Wayne and the townships in which New Haven and Monroeville are, each township being limited to one. This order will go into effect and govern the next elections to be held for these offices. There is no need of two justices in many of the townships, there being not business enough for one to make it pay, and the action of the commissioners was consequently a very sensible one.

The decision of the senate to vote tomorrow upon the bill for the repeal of the federal election laws means, in all probability, that not many more days will elapse before these laws will be wiped from the statute book, as the bill has already passed the house and there is no likelihood of executive opposition. The passage of the bill will mark the close of an important era in the country's history, as the laws which are to be repealed were the outgrowth mainly of the war of the rebellion and had their origin during reconstruction days.

The question of paving West Washington street will come up tomorrow evening at the meeting of the city council and that body should promptly decide in favor of making the improvement. The cry of "no money in the treasury to the credit of that fund" should not be allowed to defeat the measure. The funds to pay the necessary expense can be raised and it will be forthcoming when the work is done. The unemployed of our city need work and it is the duty of our council to give it to them by making these needed improvements.

Everyone life has its dangers and they come from the fellows who "want to lick the editor," in which, as a general thing, they are unsuccessful. Last Saturday Col. W. A. Nelson, formerly of this city, but now editor of the Kansas City Star, was attacked in his office by J. J. Davenport, a man whom he opposed as a candidate for mayor of that city. Davenport struck Colonel Nelson on the shoulder, staggering him, though the blow was not a heavy one. Just as the blow was struck Managing Editor Johnson and City Editor Stout interfered, ejected Davenport from the office and then kicked him down the stairs.

So satisfactory have been the movements of the city council in the way of providing work for those men who have been out of employment during the business depression that the winter is now nearly gone and yet, aside from a few days' work in Lakeside, nothing has been done by that body to assist them in their time of need. Let the council turn over a new leaf and push public improvements without waiting until the time arrives when the making of such improvements will do no good to those out of work. Next summer will see brighter times and work will be plenty. The workingman wants employment now.

Individuality Among Children.

Amid the sluice of monotonously big textbook and the threshing of dry straw that are put upon the public as "papers on education" it is refreshing to meet one occasionally that is good plain English does tell us something. Such a source of information is an address delivered by Dr. Wesley Mills of McGill university, Montreal.

Dr. Mills lays down the broadest, noblest principle for educators to follow when he says, "The available energy of the world is increased in proportion as we develop individuals—human beings differing from their fellows."

It has been shrewdly observed that if Lincoln, Andrew Jackson and others of our typical American statesmen had been turned out of the modern graded school they would have never been what they were—men of original thought and action. They would have all been ground out of the same mill and merily leveled down to dull mediocrity. This dull leveling is the worst feature of public schools today. What then? Shall parents who want to develop the individuality of their off-spring take them out of the public schools? Nutso. Even with their defects the public schools today are the best there are.

The right thing is for teachers and parents to continue to develop varied genetic in pupils. The parent usually has too thought on this subject, and thus the work remains for the teacher. He can best accomplish results by acquainting himself closely with each child. To do this he must enter the children's homes and become acquainted with their parents. "If any one principle has been established, it is that heredity is stronger than environment," says Dr. Mills, and it is a golden observation. Until the teacher knows exactly what the ancestral blood and influences are, he can do little toward developing individuality.

One terrible factor in youthful training crushes out at present all the originality in a child's nature, and that is the fear of ridicule, the terror of being even to a incredible mile other children. What young ones suffer from the taunts of their classmates in this matter has never been told. The teacher can do much to remove from an original or unfortunate child's inward even that sting, and convert often an apparent defect into a shining ornament.

About Being Hypnotized.

A fatty tale about the direful effects of hypnotization was told in the dispatches not long since. A gentleman and his young wife had lived in a state of bliss for three years, so "twas said. Then a bad man entered on the scene in the shape of an old schoolmate of the husband. Little thinking how he was warming a serpent in his bosom, the husband invited the school friend to his home and introduced him to his lovely wife. All was well for a time; then the wife began to act as if she was under a strange spell. She would remain pensive for half an hour, and when she recovered herself would appear to be much agitated." It now be remarked that wives occasionally acted in that manner before ever hypnotism was heard of, when fascinating friends of their husbands became frequent visitors at their homes.

Finally the husband noticed that when his friend looked at madam across the table she seemed something to respond to some mysterious influence. Neither is that queer behavior altogether unknown in the annals of wives, it may be observed. By and by the friend and the wife eloped. The friend seemed to fast swoop down upon the wife, draw her to him by the same mysterious influence and carry her off before her husband's eyes. The husband, on his part, was going to swoop down upon the false friend, and swoop to kill, but just then the bad friend struck out his hand toward the husband, and instantly the husband became, as it were, rooted to the spot. He could not move a muscle. After the friend had thus rooted the husband, he walked off with the wife, and the pair have not been heard of since.

The husband is certain that the wicked friend hypnotized both himself and his wife to carry out this evil design. It may be. Hypnotization is a high old art anyhow. It is becoming quite the fashion for people of both sexes who have done wrong to attribute it to their being hypnotized and therefore not responsible. All the same the mesmeric spell makes them do exactly the way they want to go. Moreover, when an individual has his head set that he is going to do just about the right thing in any situation, satan and all his angels could not hypnotize that person aside from the straight road.

Rusty Brains.

The stupidest person having good sense is the one who never cares for any change. He will sit in one place until the grass grows over his toes. The paint cracks off his houses, the shutters rust off at the hinges, he gets poorer and poorer every year, all the time that he thinks he is doing the best he knows how to. He is simply rusting out and falling into judgment for want of a little wholesome desire for change. The best definition of beauty is first it is harmonious variety. The people that move the world onward in progress and civilization are the men who do not find things good enough as they are. The reason boys and girls of any pluck and energy get away from the farm the day they are old enough is because of the dreary monotony of it. Old-fit persons who have the ever changing beauty and glory of nature never worry of scenery life, but every people's love of nature has not yet been developed.

In the breast of every human being who was worth being born there is an instinctive longing to try the untried. If the man be positively no great change in our lives, then we should so order them as to get all the small variations we can. Even a different arrangement of house, furniture or garden, a different kind of food, will bring relief. The wind of thought that runs in the same track wears a deadly rut by and by. People go insane often from the sheer monotony of their lives.

The design of a horrid naked man upon the World's fair medal, as prepared by Sculptor St. Gaudens, has shocked unspeakably some United States senators, who declared, in effect, that unless the artist put at least some underwear on that figure the model should not be executed at the Philadelphia mint. Thereupon some naughty persons, without reverence for ministerial dignity or modesty either, affirm that the St. Gaudens figure, with its splendid, free muscles undraped, looks more modest than some United States senators do with all their clothes on.

New Mexico wishes to come into this Union and be one of us. Immigrant feet is already half way over the threshold. But New Mexico lost a ball fight at Albuquerque recently. Ball fights and Anglo-Saxon republicanism do not blend well.

On the Edge.

Coleridge, the poet, while a student at Cambridge university, affected a peculiar style of conversation.

At the dinners in the hall where the students dined the veal served up was large and coarse. Speaking of it, Coleridge said, "We have veal, sir, bottomed on the edge of beef."—Youth's Companion.

ACTUALLY STARVING!

A Prominent New York Man Dies in Sight of Food.

WHY COULD THIS BE SO:

It Is Clearly Explained, and the Fearful Danger That is Hanging Over Other People Fully Revealed.

"Thousands of men and women in New York and throughout the land are starving although they have plenty of money to buy the best of food!"

These startling words were recently uttered by a prominent physician, whose residence, situated in one of the best parts of Fifth avenue, is daily thronged with fashionable patients. He made the above remarkable statement to a reporter in the course of an interview.

"I say," he continued, "that they are starving to death—slowly, but surely. But the pity of it is that few of them realize it. Most of them eat plenty of food, often live in luxury, but still they remain thin and emaciated, appear to be consumptive. Why is it, do you ask? It is simply because the food they eat does them no good. Their systems do not assimilate it, or extract the proper amount of nourishment from it. No wonder they grow weak, pale, thin and puny. In plain English, they are starving to death exactly as if they were shut up in a dungeon and given only half too amount of food they need. Nine out of every ten people you meet are suffering from the most terrible disease of modern times; that is, indigestion and the inability to assimilate the food which is eaten. I know a prominent man who died recently from just this cause."

"What do you advise such people to do, doctor?" the reporter asked.

"I will tell you what they ought to do and what they ought not to do. What people need is a flesh former. Scientific investigators have proved that a pure starch food is the only flesh former which builds up the system and is instantly assimilated by weakened digestive organs. Taking advantage of this fact one of the greatest scientists the world has ever known devoted a lifetime to experiment and research. He at last obtained a true flesh forming food, the essence of nourishment, a pure starch food. It is known as Paskola.

"This wonderful preparation is taken during the meals just as it is put up. Its immediate effect is to enter the system, directly assimilate and enable the food that is eaten to be likewise digested. The result is the extraction of every particle of nourishment from the food eaten, added to that imparted by Paskola. Unlike the cod liver oil emulsions and other rancid, fatty mixtures, it can be enjoyed by people who have the weakest stomachs."

"You don't approve of fats, then doctor?"

"By no means. Their use for gaining flesh and strength is a relic of barbarism. They give neither strength, flesh nor warmth. Millions of thin, pale, consumptive persons remember the delusive hopes of recovery they were led to indulge in by the advertisements of these fat and oil compounds, or emulsions, and how their hopes faded into bitter disappointment. How can anyone expect to get well and strong by taking nauseating, sickening doses of oils and fats?

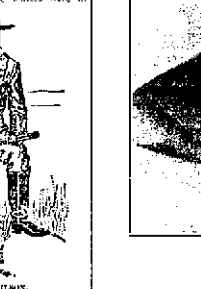
"I will tell you another remarkable thing about Paskola," remarked the physician. "It is artificially digested, so that it is absorbed at once. It requires no digesting when it enters the stomach. In this way Paskola imparts strength to the weak, and makes thin, fragile persons plump and robust. There never has been anything like it for promptly relieving exhaustion and tired feelings. People who take Paskola are related to weigh themselves when they commence taking it, and observe the wonderful effect produced after a short time. They will find their weight has greatly increased and their general health vastly improved. The progress of science is indeed wonderful, and in no way have I been so impressed with the fact as by this great discovery, Paskola, which is certainly the grandest thing for weak, thin, debilitated people that was ever brought out. I urge every one who needs more healthy flesh, more sound vigor and strength, to try Paskola, and they will be astonished and gratified at its wonderful effect upon them."

A pamphlet giving full particulars respecting Paskola will be sent on application to the Pre-Digested Food Co., 195 Dunne St., N. Y. City.

THE ARTIST OF THE WILD WEST.

Frederic Remington, Cowboy, Army Scout and World Famous Painter.

One day during the Indian war near Pine Ridge Agency in 1891 a gigantic, nobly freed white man, apparently unarmed and accompanied by three friendly Cheyenne scouts, was surrounded by a party of young Sioux bucks armed to the teeth and in full war paint. The whites and his companions disclaimed all hostile intent, and the Sioux braves apparently were of the same mind. While the Sioux were looking for plunder in the white man's wagon, one of his Cheyenne companions suddenly twigged him. He turned like a flash in time to see a treacherous Sioux buck creeping up behind him, with murder in his eye. Not at all daunted, the white man threw up a protecting hand and advanced toward the Sioux, cloaking, "How, Colah!" meaning that he meant peace. His brave front undoubtedly saved the lives of the party, for the Sioux ordered them to turn back. They did so, and a few moments later the Sioux sent a fruitless volley after them. The white man was



CAPTAIN WILSON.

each case outmaneuvered by their savage foes. Captain Wilson with the advance guard passed on in hot pursuit of King Lobengula where it would have been most prudent to halt for reinforcements from the main body, from which it had been separated by a river and a hyena miles in rear. General Custer's own impetuosity and contempt for a savage foe were repeated with the same disastrous consequences.

The Matabeles threw Captain Wilson off his guard by conducting a disorderly retreat and thereby encouraging him to believe that they would not fight, but would scatter in the bush. Then when his ammunition was in transit of the main body, and the capture of the king seemed a matter of only a few hours of hard riding, forces of savages concealed on the right and the left closed in upon them and cut off retreat. When the troopers were fairly entrapped, the king's warriors faced about and in a dense determined stand upon high ground. Captain Wilson's followers, surrounded by swarms of savages, imitated like General Custer's cavalrymen. They used their carbines as long as they had a cartridge left, and then fought hopelessly, but gallantly, with revolver and saber. Closer became the ring, until every wounded and dying Englishman was taken to have his thousands of merciless savages. When the last man was dead, the bodies were stripped bare and horribly mutilated.

Captain Wilson was a Scotchman and was 38 years of age at the time of his death. He was a great athlete in his youth, and in 1878 he went to Cape Colony, joined the mounted police and served in the campaign against the Gaikas and Galekas. Hence fought in the Basuto war and distinguished himself by his daring conduct. In the successive invasion of Zululand Wilson's chief fault and ultimately caused his death.

Not Recovering of Sympathy.

Persons who will persist in dying by inches with dyspepsia and liver disease when Simmons Liver Regulator is an unfailing remedy for these maladies.

A New Cure for Rheumatism.

Joseph V. Dory, of Warsaw, Ill., was troubled with rheumatism and tried a number of different remedies, but says none of them seemed to do him any good; but finally he got hold of one that speedily cured him. He was much pleased with it, and felt sure that others similarly afflicted would like to know what the remedy was that cured him. He states for the benefit of the public that it is called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for you children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8-6odawly

The best flour on earth. Call for White Leaf and Silver Wedding. 1-tf

A Mother's Letter:—

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Last winter I did not think my little ones would have a mother long. I suffered terribly with female troubles.

"I could keep nothing on my stomach, and got so 'poor' my friends hardly knew me. I suffered with severe headaches, dizziness, faintness, backache, and 'the blues.'

"Thanks to *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound*, I am now as fat as ever, and have no female troubles.

"If you use my letter I hope it may be the means of saving some other poor mother's life as it did mine."—Mrs. Ella Van Buren, Brazil, Ind.

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass. Liver Pills, 25 cents.

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Something Regarding the Work and How it May be Secured Through "The Sentinel."

THE Newspaper which can accomplish most for them will have the most readers. The Art Portfolio has become, of late, a feature of the modern live newspaper, and readers have benefitted by it. Competition has become close and sharp as to which newspaper can offer what is of greatest value. "The Sentinel" has just gained the right to give its readers what cannot otherwise be had and which cannot possibly be surpassed. The nature of the remarkable opportunity is explained below.

PICTURESQUE WORLD'S FAIR.

A GREAT Publishing House has just issued under the above title a series of views of the World's Fair, so far exceeding in perfection and completeness anything heretofore obtainable, that no comparison can be made. The views are marvels of art. The descriptions are vivid and interesting. It is the privilege of furnishing these to its readers which "The Sentinel" has secured. Admirable as have been the views of the Fair already published, they have necessarily been incomplete. The most perfect photographs had not been finished and mounted when the great exposition closed. The most striking and instructive views had not been selected by comparison. The most exquisite interiors and beautiful vistas discoverable had not been chosen from among the thousands secured. The fair was to live as the eye sees it will live in history, but, to attain this end in its perfection was not the work of a day or week or month, it was a work of imagination, of taste and judgement, of a tremendous effort in the field of mechanical reproduction. And this work has at last been accomplished. It exists in PICTURESQUE WORLD'S FAIR.

THE VERY COLORS APPEAR.

The reproduction of what was so wonderful as the scenes of the Columbian Exposition should be perfect and comprehensive, not only as to outline and proportion, but in coloring as well. Pale black and white give an excellent idea of what the great Fair was; they are good in their way, but they do not preserve the glorious scene as it exists in the memory of millions. In PICTURESQUE WORLD'S FAIR

THE COLORS ARE REPRODUCED.

It is the Fair over again, with all its grand buildings, its fairy-like views, its exquisite works of art, its interiors and its strange peoples. It is the Fair with not only every feature in perfect detail, but in colors as they were. Artists of note have added to the work of the photographer, and the result is that the Columbian Exposition lives to the eye again. Never before has been produced a work of such a character on so grand a scale.

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Of the nature of this great work the endorsement is at once ultimate and convincing. It comes promptly and enthusiastically from the highest source. Hon. Geo. R. Davis, the Director General of the Columbian Exposition, the central figure of the guiding force, the one man whose opinion should be final, speaks generously and unhesitatingly. "The work gives," he pronounces, "in the most acceptable form, a splendid idea of the grandeur and beauties of the great exposition," and he speaks further of the benefits which must result from placing before the public, at such a price, what is so deeply instructive and which provides, at the same time, such a remarkable set of souvenir pictures for preservation and constant reference and pleasure.

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